# Advancing Learning and Success in College: What the Evidence Shows



Alexander C. McCormick Center for Postsecondary Research School of Education, IU Bloomington

Indiana University Education Conference

July 13, 2017





# What is Student Engagement?

Why Does It Matter?

## What is Student Engagement?

The extent to which students are exposed to and participate in effective educational practices

- Educationally purposeful activities and practices
- Empirically linked to desired outcomes



# OK, but what is Engagement?

- Challenging academic work
  - High expectations
  - Deep approaches to learning
- Enriching learning activities
  - Collaborative learning
  - High-impact practices
- Quality involvement with faculty

In a context that promotes and supports success

### **Conceptual & Empirical Foundations**

Time on task (Tyler, 1930s)

Quality of effort (Pace, 1960s & 70s)

Student involvement (Astin, 1984)

Academic & social integration (Tinto, 1975 & 1987)

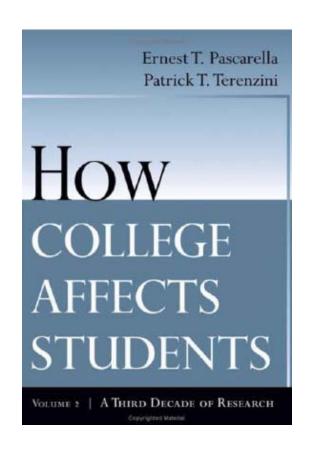
Good practices in undergraduate education (

Indergraduate education (Chickering & Gamson, 1987)

College impact (Pascarella, 1985)

Student engagement (Kuh, 1991, 2005)

## Why Does It Matter?



The impact of college is largely determined by individual effort and involvement in the academic, interpersonal, and extra-curricular offerings on a campus. It is important to focus on the ways an institution can shape its offerings to encourage *student engagement*.

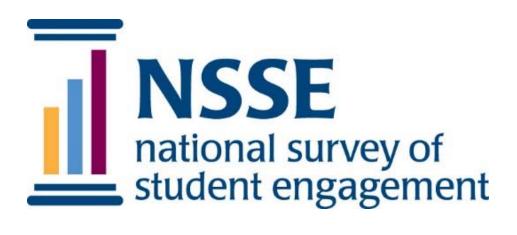
Paraphrased from Pascarella & Terenzini (2005), p. 602



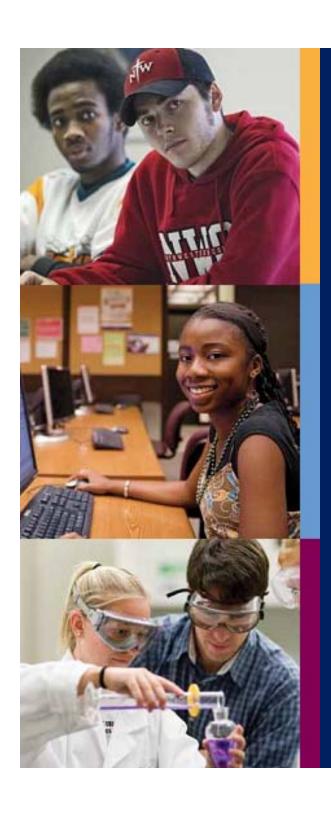
A: Ask those who are most knowledgeable about the college experience...

Students!

### A Closer Look at NSSE



- A research and service project of the Indiana University Center for Postsecondary Research
- Launched in 2000
- More than 1,600
   4-year colleges and universities 2000-2017



# Sample NSSE questions

# During the current school year, about how often have you done the following?

Reviewed your notes after class

Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials

Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students

Asked another student to help you understand course material

Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)

Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)

Explained course material to one or more students

# During the current school year, about how often have you done the following?

Prepared two or more drafts of a paper or assignment before turning it in

Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue

Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class

Tried to understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective

Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member

Connected your learning to societal problems or issues?

# During the current school year, about how often have your instructors done the following?

Clearly explained course goals and requirements

Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress

Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points

Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments

# **Summary Measures: Engagement Indicators**

#### Academic Challenge

- Higher-Order Learning
- Reflective & Integrative Learning
- Learning Strategies
- Quantitative Reasoning

#### Learning with Peers

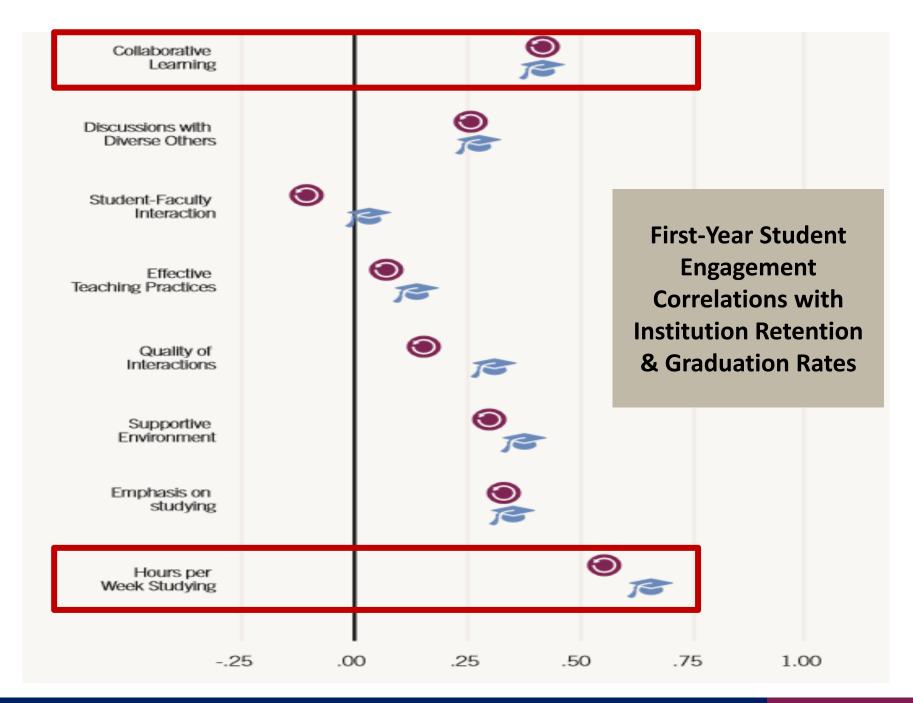
- Collaborative Learning
- Discussions with Diverse Others.

#### Experiences with Faculty

- Student-Faculty Interaction
- Effective Teaching Practices

#### Campus Environment

- Quality of Interactions
- Supportive Environment



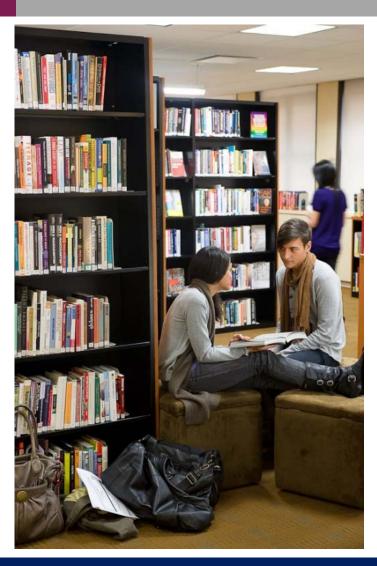
## **Engagement Indicator Example**

Collaborative Learning combines results from four survey items:

During the current school year, about how often have you done the following?

- Asked another student to help you understand course material
- Explained course material to one or more students
- Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students
- Worked with other students on course projects or assignments

## **Collaborative Learning**



# Seeking and giving help are vital learning strategies

- 1 in 5 first-year students have difficulty learning course materials and getting help with courses
- "Toughing it out" on your own is not a strategy for success

# Engagement and Underserved Students



Engagement pays dividends for all students, but the benefit is greater for:

- Students of color
- Underprepared students

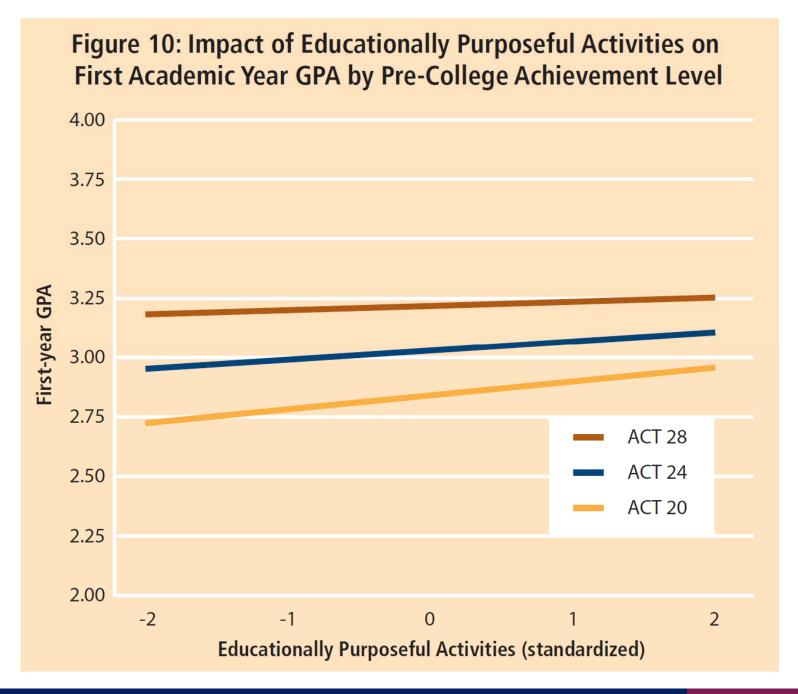
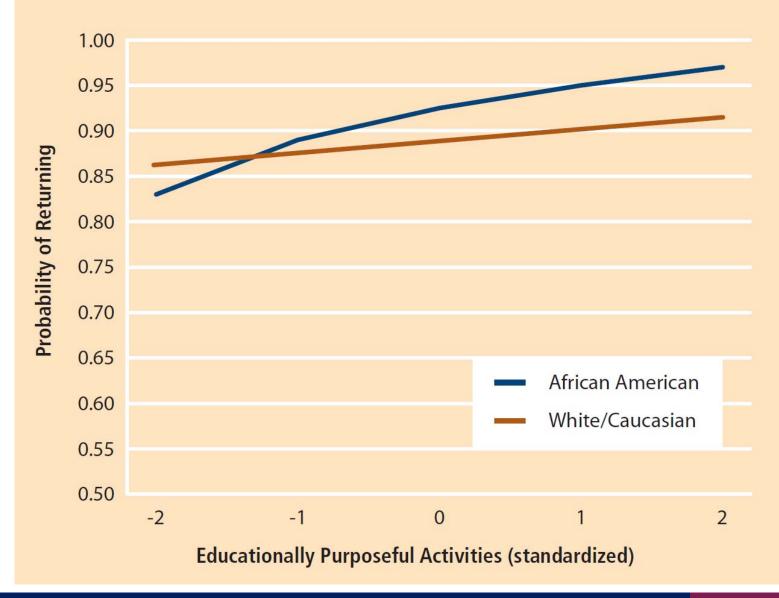


Figure 11: Impact of Educationally Purposeful Activities on the Probability of Returning for the Second Year of College by Race





### Discussion

- 1. What can we do to help students (and parents) understand the importance of engagement?
- 2. How can we promote engagement by our students?
- 3. What are the obstacles?



# High-Impact Practices

# Summary Measures: High-Impact Practices (HIPs)

- Learning community
- Service-learning
- Research with faculty
- Study abroad
- Internship, field experience, etc.
- Culminating experience (senior project, capstone, etc.)

First-year and senior students

Seniors only

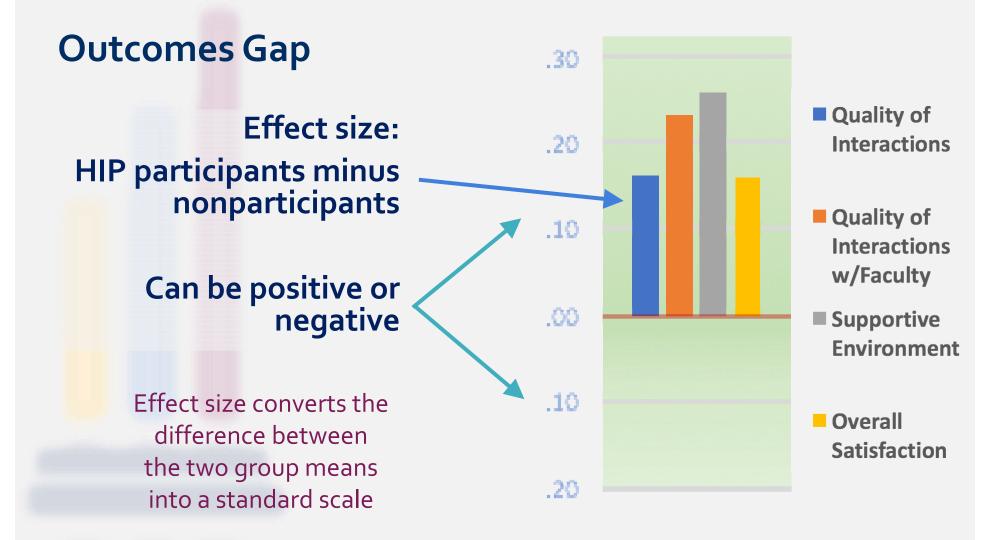


Let's compare participants and non-participants

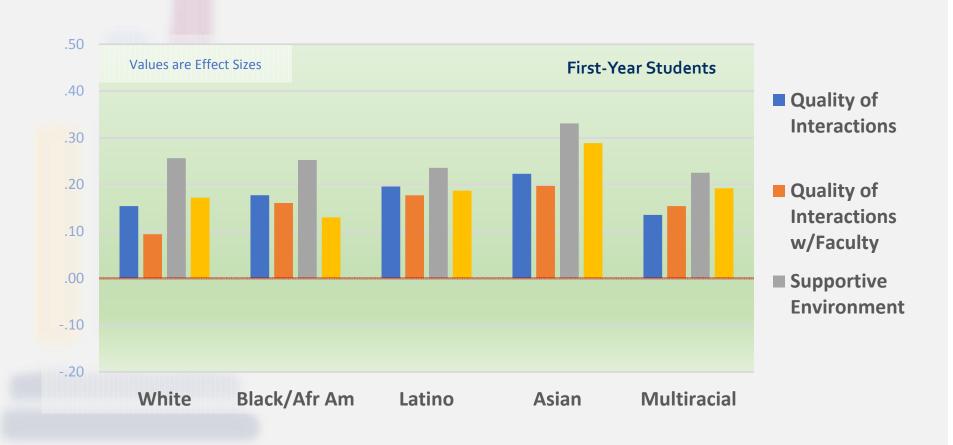
#### **Outcomes Gap**

Difference in the outcome between HIP participants and HIP nonparticipants

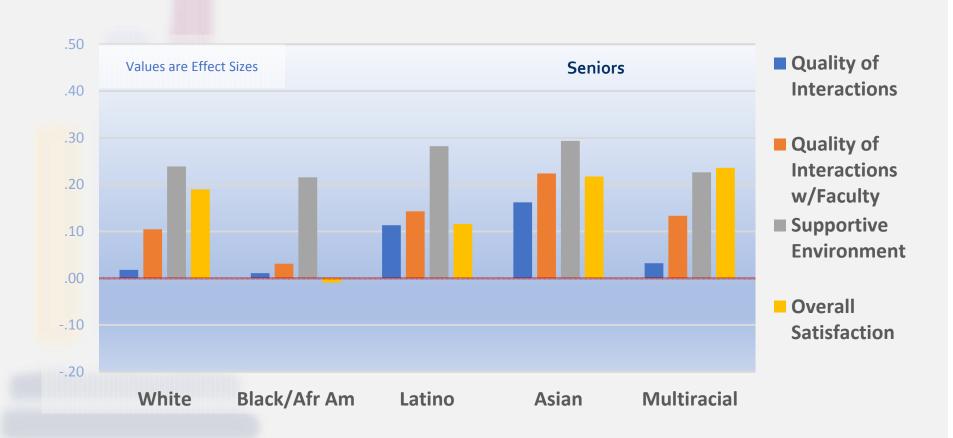




### **Outcomes Gap: Learning Community**



## **Outcomes Gap: Study Abroad**



### **Outcomes Gaps: HIPs**



Service-Learning



Learning Community



Quality of Interactions

 Quality of Interactions w/Faculty
 Supportive Environment

Overall Satisfaction

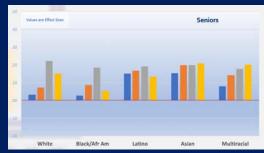
Study Abroad



Service-Learning



Research w/Faculty



Internship or Field Experience



### Discussion

- 1. What can we do to help students (and parents) understand the importance of HIPs?
- 2. How can we promote HIP participation?
- 3. What are the obstacles?



**Q & A** 

